Cefutil Cefuroxime (Axetil)

Pharmacological properties

Cefutil[®] (Cefuroxime (Axetil)) owes its bactericidal activity to the parent drug Cefuroxime, which is a second-generation cephalosporin. Its bactericidal action depends on the ability to reach and bind penicillin-binding proteins located in the bacterial cytoplasmic membrane leading to inhibition of cell wall synthesis. Cefuroxime is an antibacterial agent with broad-spectrum activity against a wide variety of pathogens like:

Gram-negative aerobes like E.coli, Klebsiella, H.influenza (including β lactamase producing strains), M.catarrhalis, N.gonorrhea (including Penicillinase and non-Penicillinase producingstrains).

Gram- positive aerobes like: S.aureus, (including β lactamase producing strains) S.pneumoniae and others.

Gram-negative and Gram-positive anaerobic cocci like peptococcus and peptostreptococcus species.

Gram-positive anaerobic bacilli like Clostridium speices (except C. difficile) and Propionibacterium species.

Gram-negative anaerobic bacilli like Bacteroides species (r B.fragilis) and Fusobacterium species.

Under normal renal function, Cefuroxime (Axetil) has a half-life of 1 - 2 hr. Cefuroxime is widely distributed through out the body and reaches therapeutic concentrations in most tissues and body fluids including synovial, pericardial, pleural and peritoneal fluids. Also bile, sputum, urine and CSF.

Cefuroxime crosses the placenta and enters breast milk.

Indications

Cefutil[®] is indicated for the treatment of :

- Upper respiratory tract infections including tonsillopharyngitis otius media & sinusitis.
- Lower respiratory tract infections including bronchitis, acute exacerbation of chronic bronchitis & pneumoniae.
- 3- Urinary tract infections and uncomplicated gonorrhea.
- 4 Skin and soft tissue infections and impetigo.

Dosage and administration

- Cefutil[®] can be given without regard to meals, however, absorption is enhanced when it is given with food.
- Cefutti[®] tablets and oral suspensions are not bioequivalent. and are not substitutable on mg-per-mg basis.
- Patients who can not swallow solids can take Cefuroxime (Axetii) ts mixed with fluids (juices or milk). Alternative therapy, such as the oral suspension, should be considered for children.

Usual pediatric dose:

- In children from 3 months up to 2 years 125mg every 12 hours.
- In children over 2 years 250mg every 12 hours.
- Children who can swallow tablets 125 250mg every 12 hours.

Usual adult dose

- 250 500 mg every 12 hours
- UTI (Uncomplicated) 125 250 mg every 12 hours.
- Gonorrhea (Uncomplicated cervical and urethral) 1 gm single dose.

Use In Pregnancy & Lactation

Pregnancy category B. Cefuroxime (Axetil) can be given to pregnant or lactating women according to physician's assessment.

Precautions

Cross sensitivity: Patients a erore to one cephalosponn, cephamycin, penicillin, or penicillin derivatives may be allergic to Cefuroxime (Axetil).

Side effects

Side effects arising from using Cefuroxime (Axe are generally mild and transient in nature, like headache, diarrhea, nauseal vomrung, and skin rashes.

Presentatio

Cefutil E/Ctablets:

Cefuroxime (Axe) 125 mo tablet (Available in 10 tablets pack). Cefuroxime (Axe ii) 250 mg / tablet (Available in 10 tablets pack). Cefuroxime (Axetii) 500 mg / tablet (Available in 10 tablets pack).

Cefutil Suspension.

Cefuroxime (Axebi 125mg 5ml (Available 50 ml pack).

Cefuroxime (Axetil 250mg/5ml (Available i 50 ml pack).

(This is a medicanerie - keep medicaments out of reach of children)



- Follow spiritly the ductor's preacription, method for use and the instituctions of the phonemical who sold the medicament.
- . The during and the pharmacity are experts in medicine, its benefity and
- Do not by yourself antervage the period of treatment prescribed for you.
 Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor.



